To: Peter Rolla, chair
   ALA/ALCTS/CaMMS Committee on Cataloging: Description and Access

From: Dan Lipcan, Task Force on Relationship Designators in RDA Appendix K

Subject: Task Force Report and Appendix K Revision Proposal

Charge: Propose changes to the list of relationship designators in RDA Appendix K to enrich the vocabulary used to specify relationships between persons, families, and corporate bodies. The task force should review the relationship types used in the Union List of Artist Names and any other relevant vocabularies.

Task Force members: Dan Lipcan, Robert Maxwell, Randy Roeder, Adam Schiff, Kathy Winzer, Bob Wolverton.

CC:DA recommendations:

1. For each term:
   a. Identify where prepositions are needed and omit when deemed unnecessary.
   b. Include and label the reciprocal relationship at the end of the definition as in Appendix J.
   c. Nest hierarchical and/or narrower terms under the ‘parent’ term as in Appendix J.

2. Use gender specific terms to each of the currently gender neutral terms, nesting these to show hierarchy.

3. For terms in the K.1 general guidelines section, enter specific definitions (i.e. personal member, corporate member) under the sections for the appropriate relationship.

Task Force report:

The Task Force has incorporated the recommendations above as well as suggestions provided by CC:DA members, representatives and liaisons during the 2013 Midwinter meeting.

Many thanks to the Task Force members for their work on the proposal.
Proposed revisions

Editorial note: Because this is a complete revision of Appendix K, it is presented with only limited mark-up. All changes are highlighted in yellow; deletions are indicated by strike-through, but additions other than examples are highlighted, but not underlined (except in a few cases).

APPENDIX K:
Relationship Designators: Relationships Between Persons, Families, and Corporate Bodies

K.0 Scope

This appendix provides general guidelines on using relationship designators to specify relationships between persons, families, and corporate bodies, and lists relationship designators used for that purpose.

The relationship designators in this appendix are provisional. They will be reviewed and revised as necessary.

K.1 General Guidelines on Using Relationship Designators

The defined scope of a relationship element provides a general indication of the relationship between persons, families, and corporate bodies (e.g., related person, related corporate body). If the relationship element is considered sufficient for the purposes of the agency creating the data, do not use a relationship designator to indicate the specific nature of the relationship.

Relationship designators provide more specific information about the nature of the relationship (e.g. alternate identity, predecessor).

Use relationship designators at the level of specificity that is considered appropriate for the purposes of the agency creating the data. For example, the relationship between a person and the family descended from that person can be recorded using either the specific relationship designator progenitor or the more general relationship designator family member.
If none of the terms listed in this appendix is appropriate or sufficiently specific, use another concise term to indicate the nature of the relationship.

Some relationships are not specific to persons, families or corporate bodies. These relationships can be used in more than one section. In some cases the reciprocal is the same.

**associated with** A person, family, or corporate body associated with another person, family, or corporate body in a generic way. Use when no more specific designator is appropriate. *Reciprocal relationship: associated with*

**collaborated with** A person, family, or corporate body that collaborated with or worked together in some way with another person, family, or corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: collaborated with*

**distinguished from** A person, family, or corporate body that has often been confused with another person, family, or corporate body in scholarly literature. *Reciprocal relationship: distinguished from*

**event organizer** A person, family, or corporate body responsible for organizing an event (e.g., a conference, a concert, an exhibition). *Reciprocal relationship: organized event*

**formerly related to** A person, family, or corporate body that was formerly related to another person, family, or corporate body but the relationship no longer exists because the situation has changed or because the state of scholarship regarding the appropriateness of the relationship has changed. *Reciprocal relationship: formerly related to*

**influenced** A person, family, or corporate body that was influenced by another person, family, or corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: influenced by*

**influenced by** A person, family, or corporate body that influenced another person, family, or corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: influenced*

**named for** A person, family, or corporate body whose name is used by another person or corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: namesake*
namesake A person, family, or corporate body specifically named after another person or corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* named for

organized event An event (e.g., a conference, a concert, an exhibition) organized by a person, family, or corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* event organizer

possibly identified with A person, family, or corporate body that may possibly be the same entity as another person, family, or corporate body, but which has not yet been firmly established and accepted. *Reciprocal relationship:* possibly identified with

related to A person, family, or corporate body is related in some way to another person, family or corporate body, but the specific nature of the relationship is not known or cannot be specified. *Reciprocal relationship:* related to

EXAMPLE

Kahn, Louis I., 1901–1974  
Associated with: Doshi, Balkrishna V.

Niedecken-Walbridge Company  
Collaborated with: Wright, Frank Lloyd, 1867–1959

K.2 Relationship Designators for Related Persons

K.2.1 Relationship Designators to Relate Persons to Other Persons

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related person (see 30.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

K.2.1.1 General Person to Person Relationships

alternate identity A pseudonymous or other identity assumed by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* real identity

appointee A person designated to fill an office or position. *Reciprocal relationship:* appointer
appointer  A person who designates another to fill an office or a position.  
Reciprocal relationship: appointee

apprentice  A person learning a trade from a master, typically at low pay for a fixed period.  Reciprocal relationship: master

assistant  A person serving in an immediately subordinate position to the other person.  Reciprocal relationship: assistant to

assistant to  A person serving in an immediately superior position to the other person.  Reciprocal relationship: assistant

associate  A partner or companion in business or at work.  Reciprocal relationship: associate

client  A person who engages the professional services of a service provider.  Reciprocal relationship: service provider

colleague  A fellow member of a profession, staff, or academic faculty.  Reciprocal relationship: colleague

consort  A person who is a spouse or close associate of the other person; often used for the spouses of monarchs or heads of state.  Reciprocal relationship: consort

co-worker  A person who works with or share a task with another.  Reciprocal relationship: co-worker

fellow student  An associate of a student who is also formally engaged in learning.  Reciprocal relationship: fellow student

friend  A person who shares a bond of mutual affection or regard with another.  Reciprocal relationship: friend

master  A person who teaches a trade to an apprentice who typically works at low pay for a fixed period.  Reciprocal relationship: apprentice

partner  A person working with another in an activity of common interest, most often, a business partnership.  Reciprocal relationship: partner
**real identity** A real person who assumes the alternate identity. *Reciprocal relationship:* alternate identity

**service provider** A person who provides professional services to another. *Reciprocal relationship:* client

**student** A person formally engaged in learning. *Reciprocal relationship:* teacher

**teacher** A person who instructs another. *Reciprocal relationship:* student

**EXAMPLE**

Rice, Anne, 1941–
Alternate identity: Rampling, Anne, 1941–
Alternate identity: Roquelaure, A. N.

Roquelaure, A. N.
Real identity: Rice, Anne, 1941–

Kahn, Louis I., 1901–1974
Student: Scott Brown, Denise, 1931–

**K.2.1.2 Person to Person Relationships Within a Family**

**ancestor** A person from whom another person is descended. Similar to progenitor in K.2.2. *Reciprocal relationship:* descendant

**aunt** A sister or sister-in-law of a person's parent. *Reciprocal relationships:* nephew; niece

**child** A person who is a son or daughter to another. *Reciprocal relationships:* father; mother; parent

**adoptive child** A person assigned to the role of child to another by legal action. *Reciprocal relationships:* adoptive father; adoptive mother; adoptive parent

**adoptive daughter** A female adoptive child. *Reciprocal relationships:* adoptive father; adoptive mother; adoptive parent
adoptive son A male adoptive child. Reciprocal relationships: adoptive father; adoptive mother; adoptive parent

daughter A female child. Reciprocal relationships: father; mother; parent

daughter-in-law A female person who is child to another by marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. Reciprocal relationships: father-in-law; mother-in-law

godchild A child presented at baptism by a person who takes an interest in the child's personal development. Reciprocal relationships: godfather; godmother; godparent

goddaughter A female godchild. Reciprocal relationships: godfather; godmother; godparent

godson A male godchild. Reciprocal relationships: godfather; godmother; godparent

grandchild A child of a person’s child. Reciprocal relationships: grandparent; grandfather; grandmother

granddaughter A female grandchild. Reciprocal relationships: grandfather; grandmother; grandparent

grandson A male grandchild. Reciprocal relationships: grandfather; grandmother; grandparent

great-grandchild A child of a person’s grandchild. Reciprocal relationships: great-grandfather; great-grandmother; great-grandparent

great-granddaughter A female great-grandchild. Reciprocal relationships: great-grandfather; great-grandmother; great-grandparent
great-grandson A male great-grandchild. Reciprocal relationships: great-grandfather; great-grandmother; great-grandparent

son A male child. Reciprocal relationships: father; mother; parent

son-in-law A male person who is child to another by marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. Reciprocal relationships: father-in-law; mother-in-law

step-child A person who is a child to another person by a new marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. Reciprocal relationships: step-parent; step-father; step-mother


cousin A child of a person’s aunt or uncle. Reciprocal relationship: cousin

descendant An offspring of a progenitor. Reciprocal relationship: ancestor

guardian A person appointed to manage the affairs of another person who is unable to conduct those affairs independently. Reciprocal relationship: ward

nephew A male child of a sibling or sibling-in-law. Reciprocal relationships: aunt; uncle

niece A female child of a sibling or sibling-in-law. Reciprocal relationships: aunt; uncle

parent A person who is a father or mother to another. Reciprocal relationships: child; son; daughter

adoptive parent A person assigned to the role of parent to another by legal action. Reciprocal relationships: adoptive child; adoptive daughter; adoptive son
adoptive father A male adoptive parent. *Reciprocal relationships:* adoptive child; adoptive daughter; adoptive son

adoptive mother A female adoptive parent. *Reciprocal relationships:* adoptive child; adoptive daughter; adoptive son

father A male parent or person who acts as parent of another. *Reciprocal relationships:* child; daughter; son

father-in-law A male person who is the father of a person's husband or wife. *Reciprocal relationships:* daughter-in-law; son-in-law

godparent A person presenting a child at baptism who takes an interest in the child's personal development. *Reciprocal relationships:* godchild; goddaughter; godson

godfather A male godparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* godchild; goddaughter; godson

godmother A female godparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* godchild; goddaughter; godson

grandparent A parent of a person's parent. *Reciprocal relationships:* grandchild; granddaughter; grandson

grandfather A male grandparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* grandchild; granddaughter; grandson

grandmother A female grandparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* grandchild; granddaughter; grandson

great-grandparent A parent of a person's grandparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* great-grandchild; great-granddaughter; great-grandson
great-grandfather A male great-grandparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* great-grandchild; great-granddaughter; great-grandson

great-grandmother A female great-grandparent. *Reciprocal relationships:* great-grandchild; great-granddaughter; great-grandson

mother A female parent or person who acts as parent of another. *Reciprocal relationships:* child; daughter; son

mother-in-law A female person who is the mother of a person's husband or wife. *Reciprocal relationships:* daughter-in-law; son-in-law

step-parent A person who is parent to another person by a new marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. *Reciprocal relationships:* step-child; step-daughter; step-son


possible relation A person who may or may not be connected to another by blood, marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. *Reciprocal relationship:* possible relation

relation A person who is connected to another by blood, marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status; a general term used when a more specific term is unavailable. *Reciprocal relationship:* relation

sibling A person having one or both parents in common to another person. *Reciprocal relationships:* brother; sibling; sister

brother A male sibling. *Reciprocal relationships:* brother; sibling; sister
**half-sibling** A person having one parent in common to another person. *Reciprocal relationships:* half-brother; half-sibling; half-sister

**half-brother** A male half-sibling. *Reciprocal relationships:* half-brother; half-sibling; half-sister

**half-sister** A female half-sibling. *Reciprocal relationships:* half-brother; half-sibling; half-sister

**sibling-in-law** A sibling by marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. *Reciprocal relationships:* brother-in-law; sibling-in-law; sister-in-law


**sister** A female sibling. *Reciprocal relationships:* brother; sibling; sister

**step-sibling** A sibling to another person by a new marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. *Reciprocal relationships:* step-brother; step-sibling; step-sister


**spouse** A person who is partnered to another person by marriage, civil union, or other similar legal status. *Reciprocal relationship:* husband; spouse; wife

**domestic partner** A person other than a spouse with whom one cohabits. *Reciprocal relationship:* domestic partner
**husband** A male spouse. *Reciprocal relationships:* husband; spouse; wife

**wife** A female spouse. *Reciprocal relationships:* husband; spouse; wife

**uncle** A brother or brother-in-law of a person’s parent. *Reciprocal relationships:* nephew; niece

**ward** A person placed in the care of a guardian. *Reciprocal relationship:* guardian

**EXAMPLE**

Gandhi, Indira, 1917–1984
Son: Gandhi, Rajiv, 1944–1991

Gandhi, Rajiv, 1944–1991
Mother: Gandhi, Indira, 1917–1984

Sarkozy, Nicolas, 1955–
Wife: Bruni, Carla

Rameau, Jean François, 1716–1777
Uncle: Rameau, Jean-Philippe, 1683–1764

**K.2.2 Relationship Designators to Relate Persons to Families**

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related person (see 30.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

**family member** A person who is a member of the family. *Reciprocal relationship:* family member of

**progenitor** A person from whom the family is descended. *Reciprocal relationship:* descendants

**EXAMPLE**

Romanov (Dynasty: 1613–1917)
Progenitor: Michael, Czar of Russia, 1596–1645
K.2.3 Relationship Designators to Relate Persons to Corporate Bodies

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related person (see 30.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

- **client** A person who utilizes the professional services of the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: client of
- **client of** A person who provides professional services to the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: client
- **dissolver** A person who dissolved the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: dissolver of
- **donor** A person who donates financial or in-kind support to the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: donor to
  - **patron** A person who provides donated support to the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: patron of
  - **patron of** A person who receives donated support from the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: patron
- **sponsor** A person sponsoring the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: sponsor of
  - **sponsor of** A person sponsored by the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: sponsor
- **employee** A person employed by the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: employer
- **appointment** A person who was designated to fill an office or position by the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship*: appointee of
- **architect** A person responsible for the planning, design, and oversight of the construction of a building, group of buildings, and/or the space within a building. *Reciprocal relationship*: architect of
curator A person responsible for the collections of the corporate body or involved in the organization of the exhibition, fair, etc. Reciprocal relationship: curator at; curator of

teacher A person who is an instructor at an educational institution. Reciprocal relationship: teacher at

professor A person who is a teacher at a college or university or other educational institution of higher learning. Reciprocal relationship: professor at

incumbent A person holding an office in the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: incumbent of

leader A person who leads or led the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: leader of

administrator A person who executes the administration of the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: administrator of

director A person who directs the activity of the corporate body, department, or organization. Reciprocal relationship: director of

employer A person that employs the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: employee

founder A person who founded the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: founder of

governor A person who governs the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: governor of

manager A person who manages the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: manager of

officer A person holding an office in or commanding the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: officer of

owner A person who owns the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: owner of
**president** A person who is the chief executive of the corporate body.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* president of

**religious leader** A person who leads a religious organization.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* religious leader of

**ruler** A person that governs the corporate body.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* ruler of

**trustee** A person granted the powers of administration in the corporate body in order to act for its benefit.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* trustee of

**member** A person who is a member of the corporate body.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* member of

**group member** A person who is a participant in or a member of the performing group, expedition, etc.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* group member of

**performer** A person who performs in a performing group.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* performer in

**partner** A person who is a member of the corporate body which is formed as a partnership.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* partner in

**student** A person who receives instruction at an educational institution.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* student at

**publisher of** A person whose works are published by the corporate body.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* publisher

**representative** A person who represents the corporate body at a conference, meeting, event, etc.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* representative of; representative to

**delegate** A person who speaks or acts on behalf of the corporate body or organization at a conference, meeting, etc.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* delegate of; delegate to
K.3 Relationship Designators for Related Families

K.3.1 Relationship Designators to Relate Families to Persons

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related family (see 31.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

- **descendants** A family descended from the particular person. *Reciprocal relationship: progenitor*

- **family member of** A family to which the person belongs. *Reciprocal relationship: family member*

**EXAMPLE**

Hallstead, Orrin
Descendants: Hallstead (Family; 1868–1910 : Pa.)

K.3.2 Relationship Designators to Relate Families to Other Families

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related family (see 31.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.
ancestor family A family from which the other family is descended. Reciprocal relationship: descendant family

descendant family A family descended from the other family. Reciprocal relationship: ancestor family

EXAMPLE

Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (Royal house)
Ancestor family: Wettin (Royal house)

K.3.3 Relationship Designators to Relate Families to Corporate Bodies

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related family (see 31.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

founding family A family that founded the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: founder of

sponsoring family A family that sponsors the corporate body. Reciprocal relationship: sponsor of

EXAMPLE

Berith Salom (Organization)
Founding family: Spanjaard (Family)

K.4 Relationship Designators for Related Corporate Bodies

K.4.1 Relationship Designators to Relate Corporate Bodies to Persons

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related corporate body (see 32.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

architect of A building, group of buildings, and/or the space within a building site whose construction was planned, designed, and/or overseen by the person. Reciprocal relationship: architect
client A corporate body that utilizes the professional services of the person.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* client of

client of A corporate body that provides professional services to the person.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* client

dissolver of A corporate body dissolved by the person.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* dissolver

donor A corporate body that provides donated support to the person.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* donor to

  patron A corporate body that provides donated support to the person.  
  *Reciprocal relationship:* patron of

  sponsor A corporate body that provides donated support to the person.  
  *Reciprocal relationship:* sponsor of

  donor to A corporate body that receives donated support from the person.  
  *Reciprocal relationship:* donor

  patron of A corporate body that receives donated support from the person.  
  *Reciprocal relationship:* patron

  sponsor of A corporate body sponsored by the person.  
  *Reciprocal relationship:* sponsor

employee A corporate body employed by the person.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* employer

employer A corporate body that employs the person.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* employee

administrator of A corporate body that has the person as its administrator.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* administrator

appointee of A corporate body that designated the person to fill an office or position.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* appointee

curator at A corporate body that entrusts the person with responsibility for its collections.  
*Reciprocal relationship:* curator
curator of An exhibition, fair, etc., for which the person was involved with its organization. *Reciprocal relationship:* curator

teacher at An educational institution that employs the person as an instructor. *Reciprocal relationship:* teacher

professor at A college or university or other educational institution of higher learning that employs the person as a teacher. *Reciprocal relationship:* professor

founder of An organization that the person founded. *Reciprocal relationship:* founder

incumbent of A corporate body in which the person holds an office. *Reciprocal relationship:* incumbent

leader of A corporate body led by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* leader

director of A corporate body whose activity is directed by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* director

governor of A corporate body governed by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* governor

manager of A corporate body managed by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* manager

officer of A corporate body that the person commands or in which the person holds an office. *Reciprocal relationship:* officer

owner of A corporate body owned by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* owner

president of A corporate body in which the person is the chief executive. *Reciprocal relationship:* president

religious leader of A religious organization led by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* religious leader

ruler of A corporate body governed by the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* ruler
trustee of  A corporate body that grants the powers of administration to the person in order to act for its benefit. *Reciprocal relationship:* trustee

member of  A corporate body of which the person is a member. *Reciprocal relationship:* member

group member of  A corporate body (performing group, expedition, etc.) of which the person is a member or participant. *Reciprocal relationship:* group member

performer in  A performing group in which a person performs. *Reciprocal relationship:* performer

partner in  A corporate body, formed as a partnership, in which the person is a member. *Reciprocal relationship:* partner

student at  An educational institution that provides instruction to the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* student

publisher  A corporate body that publishes the works of the person. *Reciprocal relationship:* publisher of

representative of  A corporate body represented by the person at a conference, meeting, event, etc. *Reciprocal relationship:* representative

delegate of  A corporate body represented by the person at a conference, meeting, event, etc. *Reciprocal relationship:* delegate

representative to  A conference, meeting, event, etc. attended by the person as the representative of another entity. *Reciprocal relationship:* representative

delegate to  A conference, meeting, event, etc. attended by the person as the representative of another corporate body *Reciprocal relationship:* delegate

**EXAMPLE**

Pei, I. M., 1917–

Founder of: I.M. Pei & Associates
K.4.2 Relationship Designators to Relate Corporate Bodies to Families

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related corporate body (see 32.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators at K.1.

**founder of founded corporate body**
An organization [a corporate body] that the family founded. *Reciprocal relationship:* founding family

**sponsor of sponsored corporate body**
An organization [a corporate body] that the family sponsors. *Reciprocal relationship:* sponsoring family

**EXAMPLE**
Spanjaard (Family)
Founder of: Berith Salom (Organization)

K.4.3 Relationship Designators to Relate Corporate Bodies to Other Corporate Bodies

Record an appropriate term from the list below with the authorized access point or identifier for a related corporate body (see 32.1). Apply the general guidelines on using relationship designators given under K.1.

**architectural firm**
A corporate body responsible for the planning, design, and oversight of the construction of a building, group of buildings, and/or the space within a building site. *Reciprocal relationship:* architectural firm of

**landscape architectural firm**
A corporate body responsible for the planning, design, and/or oversight of a landscape, garden, or distinct outdoor space. *Reciprocal relationship:* landscape architectural firm of
architectural firm of A building, group of buildings, and/or the space within a building site whose construction was planned, designed, and/or overseen by the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* architectural firm

landscape architectural firm of A landscape, garden, or distinct outdoor space that was planned, design, and/or overseen by the corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* landscape architectural firm

capital A jurisdiction that is the official seat of government of the state, territory, nation, etc. *Reciprocal relationship:* capital of

county seat A jurisdiction that is the administrative center or seat of government of the county. *Reciprocal relationship:* county seat of

capital of A state, territory, nation, etc. in which its official seat of government is located. *Reciprocal relationship:* capital

county seat of A county in which its administrative center or seat of government is located. *Reciprocal relationship:* county seat of

corporate member A corporate body that is a member of the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* corporate member of

corporate member of A corporate body composed of other corporate bodies called members. *Reciprocal relationship:* corporate member

corporate owner A corporate body that owns the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* corporate owner of

corporate owner of A corporate body owned by the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship:* corporate owner

first-order administrative division A primary administrative division of a country, such as a state in Australia or the United States, or a province in Canada or Indonesia. *Reciprocal relationship:* first-order administrative division of

first-order administrative division of A country in which the primary administrative division, such as a state in Australia or the United States, or a
province in Canada or Indonesia, is located. Reciprocal relationship: first-order administrative division

**founder founding corporate body** A corporate body that founded the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: founder of*

**founder of founded corporate body** A corporate body that the other corporate body founded. *Reciprocal relationship: founder*

**hierarchical subordinate** A corporate body that is subordinate to the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: hierarchical superior*

**hierarchical superior** A corporate body that is hierarchically superior to the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: hierarchical subordinate*

**mergee** A corporate body that merged with the other corporate body to form a third. *Reciprocal relationship: product of a merger*

**predecessor** A corporate body that precedes the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: successor*

**product of a merger** A corporate body that resulted from a merger of two or more other corporate bodies. *Reciprocal relationship: mergee*

**product of a split** A corporate body that resulted from a split or division of the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: split from*

**split from** A corporate body that split or divided into the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: product of a split*

**sponsor sponsoring corporate body** A corporate body that sponsors the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: sponsor of*

**sponsor of sponsored corporate body** A corporate body that is sponsored by the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: sponsor*

**successor** A corporate body that succeeds or follows the other corporate body. *Reciprocal relationship: predecessor*
EXAMPLE

Stanford University
Corporate member of: Association of Pacific Rim Universities

University of British Columbia
Corporate member of: Association of Pacific Rim Universities

Association of Pacific Rim Universities
Corporate member: Stanford University
Corporate member: University of British Columbia

Association for Library Collections & Technical Services
Hierarchical superior: American Library Association

Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art
Architectural firm: I.M. Pei & Partners

I.M. Pei & Partners
Architectural firm of: Herbert F. Johnson Museum of Art

Titanic (Steamship)
Corporate owner: White Star Line

White Star Line
Corporate owner of: Titanic (Steamship)

Kraft Foods Inc.
Product of a split: Mondelēž International, Inc.
Product of a split: Kraft Foods Group

Kraft Foods Group
Split from: Kraft Foods Inc.

Mondelēž International, Inc.
Split from: Kraft Foods Inc.

West Cork Chamber Music Festival (Bantry, Ireland)
Founder: RTÉ Vanbrugh Quartet

RTÉ Vanbrugh Quartet
Founder of: West Cork Chamber Music Festival (Bantry, Ireland)
Gratuité de la culture au prisme du droit (Conference) (2010 : Paris, France)

Sponsor: Association française de droit des médias et de la culture

Zambia
Capital: Lusaka (Zambia)

Lusaka (Zambia)
Capital of: Zambia

Manitoba
First-order administrative division of: Canada

Canada
First-order administrative division: Alberta
First-order administrative division: British Columbia
First-order administrative division: Manitoba
[etc.]